## **Recent Results in Higgs and Exotics at ATLAS**

**NCTS Annual Theory Meeting 2016** 

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#### Outline

•LHC •ATLAS •Recent Results •SM Higgs •Exotics •Summary



#### **ATLAS Experiment**



#### LHC and ATLAS Upgrades



#### **ATLAS During Run 2**

	Devenuedan	D	D	D		_		Run-1 vs	Run-2
	Parameter	Kun-1	Run-2 (2015)	(2016)		•	Significant increase of the	9000	104
	Peak Lumi. , 10 <sup>34</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	0.77	0.51	1.37			cross section for processes involving heavy objects => a promise of discovery even at		
	Pile Up (<µ>)	20.7	13.7	24.2			a limited statistics		10 <sup>3</sup>
	Delivered Lumi. (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	28	4.2	39		•	allow observation and study of rare processes (ttH, 4-top,	370	
	Lumi. for physics (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	25	3.2	33.3		•	VBS, 3-4 Boson couplings Increase in measurement precision of known object	56 46	10²
	Lumi uncertaiı	umi uncertainty (2016) ~4.1%					properties (Higgs, Top, W/Z, B,)	10	
Delivered Luminosity [fb <sup>-1</sup> ]	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Oct	<b>1</b> :0, 200 <b>1</b> :0,	S Online, ∜s=13 TeV	∫1 201 201 Tota 0 35	Ldt=3: 5:	8.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> 13.7 24.2 22.9 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.2 1.6 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	2' SSM (3 TeV) 2' SSM (3 TeV) 2' (4 TeV) QBH (5 TeV) OBH (6 TeV)	10
	J. 14 U.	Month in Yea	ar	Mean Number of Inte	ractions	s per C	Crossing		



### Searches

•Try to answer fundamental questions in particle physics

•E.g. origin of EWSB, matter, flavor, naturalness, unification, elementary vs composite, dark matter ...

•Models :

•Created to address the questions, and make predictions

•Provide guidance to conduct search to test the model

•Make use of unique signatures predicted by model

•Use benchmark models to interpret search results

Guiding models : •Technicolor		Si •	<b>ignatures :</b> di-lepton, di-jet resonances
•Warped Extra Dimensions		•	di-boson resonances (γγ, Wγ, Ζγ,
•Grand Unified Theories		,	VW, WZ, ZZ,)
•Heavy Vector Triple*	ne model with different signati	ures	bancement at high tail
•Little Higgs	e signature probing several mo	odel	s iultiple leptons
•Contact Interaction/Com	siteness	•	large missing energy
<ul> <li>Leptoquarks</li> </ul>		•	long lived particles
•		٠	

•Search as broad and general as possible

#### **This Presentation**

•Primarily results from :

- "ICHEP 2016" (2015+2016 data, ~13-15 fb<sup>-1</sup>)
  - $\sim 1/3$  of collected Run2 data

•Will cover :

•SM Higgs measurements / searches :

- $\gamma\gamma,$  ZZ, WW, bb,  $\mu\mu$
- •Exotics (resonance search) :
  - di-lepton
  - di-photon
  - di-jet
  - di-boson

### **Standard Model Higgs Boson**

### **Re-Establish SM Higgs Boson in Run 2**

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•Discovered a SM-like Higgs boson with Run1 data, with mass=125.09±0.21(stat)±0.11 GeV (ATLAS+CMS)



	process	σ (@13 TeV) pb		
	ggF	48.6		
mH=125 GeV	VBF	3.78		
	WH	1.37		
	ZH	0.884		
	ttH	0.507		

Decay channel	BR (%)
bb	58.2
WW	21.4
gg	8.19
ττ	6.27
сс	2.89
ZZ	2.62
γγ	2.27
Ζγ	0.153
μμ	0.0218



κ<sub>ν 12</sub>



Signal Strength

#### **Measurement of Higgs Cross Section**

ATLAS-CONF-2016-081



•Combined local significance =  $10 \sigma$  (8.6  $\sigma$  expected) for 13 TeV analysis

#### WH, ZH production with H→bb



#### ATLAS-CONF-2016-063



#### **First search at LHC** •Selection :

• 2 b-jets, 2 forward jets, 1 central y

#### Separate signal from background

- use event kinematics
- low jet activity between signal bb and forward jets
- mostly quark jets in signal, mixture of quark and gluon jets in background

#### •Results (95% CL limit):

- •Expected : 6 <sup>+2.3</sup>-1.7 × SM
- •Observed : 4 × SM

- **VBF(bb)**+ $\gamma$  •Search for H->bb in VBF events with a  $\gamma$ •High pT photon provides :
  - extra handle for trigger, suppress multijet background



#### Low sensitivity category





#### **High sensitivity category**



### ttH, H→bb

Fraction of events

0.12

0.

0.08

0.06

0.04

#### ATLAS-CONF-2016-080

•Measure top Yukawa coupling

•Search in events with 1 W (1-lepton) or

ATLAS Simulation Preliminar

√s = 13 TeV

 $\geq 6j, \geq 4b$ 

+ tī

Single Lepton

ttH, all events

tīH, Higgs boson

correctly matched

both W (2-lepton) decay leptonically

•Categorized search according to jet

multiplicity and number of b-jets



Dominant background : tt+X
4 b-jets in final state, need to find right pair for H→bb

•Multivariate technique to discriminate signal from background





### **Beyond Stand Model Searches**

#### Resonances

- •Perform model independent search for new physics processes
- •IF an excess !!!
- •Else, set limits for bench-mark processes



### Lepton + Missing E<sub>T</sub>

ATLAS-CONF-2016-061



- •New spin-1 gauge bosons predicted in many BSM
  •Heavier version of SM W,Z => W', Z'
  •Bench mark model : Sequential Standard Model (SSM)
  - •W', Z': couplings to fermions are same as SM W, Z

•Neutrino escapes detection

•Construct transverse mass :  $m_T = \sqrt{2p_T E_T^{miss} (1 - \cos \phi_{lv})}$ 



### Highest m<sub>T</sub>(µ,v) Event



### **Di-Lepton**

•Search for heavy resonance decaying into same flavor di-lepton pair



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### **Di-Jet (high mass)**

**ATLAS-CONF-2016-069** 

ATLAS-CONF-2016-060

•New states decay to 2 jets may show up as local excess in  $m_{II}$ High m<sub>II</sub> Search Events ATLAS Preliminary s=13 TeV. 15.7 fb Data Background fit 10 BumpHunter interval ..... W', m<sub>w</sub> = 2.5 TeV 10 W', m<sub>w</sub> = 4.5 TeV 10 10<sup>2</sup>  $\sigma \times 100$ 10 p-value = 0.67 Fit Range: 1.1 - 7.1 TeV  $|v^*| < 0.6$ Significance 3 2 5 6 m<sub>ii</sub> [TeV]

•QCD predicts smooth falling di-jet  $m_{II}$  spectrum

•A pair of jets, leading jet pT>440 GeV

•Set limits on several bench mark models :

• m(excited quark) < 5.6 TeV

• m(W') < 2.9 TeV



•Set limit :

• excited b :  $<2.3 \text{ TeV} (BR(b^* \rightarrow bg)=0.85)$ 



pT(J1) = 3.13 TeV, pT(J2) = 2.98 TeV
m(JJ) = 7.5 TeV

### **Di-Boson Searches**

#### •Many diboson decay channels and final states :

- γγ
- Wy  $\rightarrow$  lvy, qqy
- $Z\gamma \rightarrow 11\gamma$ ,  $qq\gamma$
- VV  $\rightarrow$  1111, 11vv, 11qq, 1vqq, vvqq, qqqq
- Vh $\rightarrow$  11bb, 1vbb, vvbb, qqbb
- hh $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma bb, \gamma\gamma WW, bb\tau\tau, bbbb$
- •Wide range of boson pT :
  - Resolved (low pT): 2 small cone jets
  - Boosted (high pT): 1 large cone jet
    Analyze jet substructure to determine if it is due to merging of jets



jets, leptons, missing energy



Boosted jets: Increasing transverse momentum

#### •Diboson production predicted by many new physics models

- HVT (Heavy Vector Triplet), W', Z', bulk RS graviton, 2HDM, ...
- •If an excess is seen in one channel,
  - •Measure the relative strengths in coupled channels : e.g.  $Br(Z\gamma)/Br(\gamma\gamma)$
  - •Understand the SU(2) structure of the underlying theory
- •hh will lead to constraint of the Higgs self-coupling

### **Heavy Resonance in VV Final States (Run1)**





#### Heavy Resonance (VV) Limits (Run2)



•HVT W' mass limit up to ~2.4 TeV•RS Graviton mass limit up to ~1.24 TeV

### VH Final States (Run2)

- •Search for heavy particle decays to WH, ZH
  - WH -> lvbb, qqbb
  - ZH -> llbb , vvbb, qqbb
- •Mass regions :
  - Some analyses only focus in the boosted regime (>~1 TeV)
  - Other analyses combine both resolved and boosted (~200 GeV to 2 TeV)



- •Interpret search results in :
  - •Simplified model that incorporate Heavy Vector Triplet (HVT), predicts W', Z'
  - •Two Higgs Doublet Models (2HDM)
    - •Predict a CP-odd scalar A, A->ZH

#### VH Final States (Run2)

ATLAS-CONF-2016-015

ATLAS-CONF-2016-083



#### **VH Final States (Run2)**



#### **Di-Photon**



Highest Di-photon invariant mass event in 2016 :  $m(\gamma\gamma)=2.2$  TeV <sub>34</sub>

#### **Di-Photon**

#### ATLAS-CONF-2016-059



•2015 : excess of  $3.9\sigma$  (local) at 750 GeV (relative width 6%)

•After reprocessing :  $3.4\sigma$  (local) at 730 GeV (relative width 8%)

•One event migrate from 757 GeV to 722 GeV, one event removed due to isolation cut •2016 : No significant deviation from background, compatibility with 2015  $\sim$ 2.7 $\sigma$ •2015+2016 : 2.3 $\sigma$  (local) at 710 GeV (relative with 10%)

#### hh

h

(b)





•SM predicts non-resonance hh pair production (a) and (b)

•Destructive interference between them

•BSM also predict hh pair production :

- **non-resonance** : production may be enhance by modifying the Higgs coupling constants
- **resonance** : heavy particle (e.g. 2HDM : Heavy Higgs , Bulk RS model Graviton) can couple to 2 light SM-like Higgs boson
- •ATLAS search for hh in various decay channels:-
  - bbbb
  - bbττ
  - bbyy
  - WWyy

#### Decay Branching Fraction





#### ATLAS-CONF-2016-049

#### hh→bbbb

- •Highest BR, but also largest background (mostly from multi-jet production)
- •Search in wide mass range (~300 GeV to 3 TeV)
  - <1TeV : resolved analysis (non-resonance, resonance)
  - >1 TeV : boosted analysis (resonance)
- •Need to choose the right pairs of bb to construct both h bosons
- •Limit (Non-resonance) :
  - $\sigma(hh \rightarrow bbbb) < 330 \text{ fb} (\sim 29 \text{xSM})$
  - $\sigma_{SM}(hh \rightarrow bbbb) = 11.3^{+0.9}_{-1.0} \text{ fb}$





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### hh (HL-LHC)

•Expect to collect ~3000 fb<sup>-1</sup> at  $\sqrt{s}=14$  TeV during the high luminosity LHC run •Estimated the sensitivities of the non-resonance hh search :

• bbyy (ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-019) :

•Expected signal significance  $\sim 1.3\sigma$  (w/o systematic)

• bbττ (ATL-PHYS-PUB-2015-046) :

•Expected upper limit on cross section (95% CL) ~4.3 x SM

• bbbb (ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-024) :

•Expected upper limit on cross section (95% CL) :

• ~1.5xSM (w/o systematic)

• ~5.2xSM (w/ systematic)



### **Summary**

•ATLAS is re-establishing Higgs discovery in Run2 and is performing more measurements and searches in other channels

•Partial analyses of 2016 data samples have already reached or exceed the Run1 search sensitivities for new physics

•Unfortunately some exciting hints from Run1 and 2015 data samples are not confirmed in 2016

•Still have another  $\sim 20$  fb<sup>-1</sup> of 2016 data sample to analyze

•Stay tuned for more new results in the coming few months.

### **Back-Up**

#### **Di-Jet (lower mass)**

•Rates too high to trigger on softer jets to search in lower mass region •Explore low  $m_{II}$  by triggering on ISR objects ( $\gamma$  or g)



#### $JJ + \gamma/J$



Interpret results in lepto-phobic axial –vector Z' model
Set limit in g<sub>q</sub> vs m(Z')

ATLAS-CONF-2016-070

#### **Di-Photon (Dec 2015)**



#### Highest m<sub>T</sub>(e,v) Event



### **Experimental Techniques in Boosted Region**



•  $\Delta R \sim 2m/pT$ 

•Decay products from highly boosted objects:

•Get very close

•Can affect reconstruction

#### •Leptons :

Identification requires isolation to reduce mis-identification (e.g. jet fakes as electron)
Efficiency of reconstructing lepton pair from Z decay can degrade quickly for highly boosted Z boson due to isolation cut

•Design looser isolation requirement to re-gain efficiency at high pT



### Large-R jets

- •Jets from hadronic decay of a boosted W or Z can be merged
- •To increase the reconstruction efficiency, instead of attempting to directly resolve the individual decay products, combine them into a single object and inspect its properties



0.04

0.02

20

40 60 80 100120 140 160 180 200

M [GeV]

- •Remove sub-jets whose pT fraction is less than  $f_{cut}=5\%$  of large-R jet (suppress pile-up)
- •Trimmed jet pt, mass from sub-jets

### Heavy Resonance in γγ Final States (Run1)



### Heavy Resonance in $\gamma\gamma$ Final States (Run2)

- •Repeat similar search
- •Two isolated photons: Et> $0.4 \times m_{\gamma\gamma} 0.3 \times m_{\gamma\gamma}$   $\gamma$  ID eff = ~85% (@ 25 GeV) 95% (@200 GeV)
- •Signal Efficiency (ggF) ~30-40%
- •Diphoton purity ~ 90%
- •Search in range 200<myy<2000 GeV
  - $\sigma(m_{\gamma\gamma}) \sim 2 \text{ GeV} @ m_{\gamma\gamma} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
  - $\sigma(m_{\gamma\gamma}) \sim 13 \text{ GeV} @ m_{\gamma\gamma} = 2000 \text{ GeV}$
- •Smooth functional form to model background
  - •Validate function on simulated background samples ( $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\gamma$ +jets => Sherpa)
- •Dominant systematic uncertainty :
  - •Background fit :  $\leq 50-20\%$  of the total signal yield uncertainty



ATLAS-CONF-2015-081

#### Heavy Resonance in γγ Final States (Run2)

- •Assume narrow width signal :
  - •Local excess (@ 750 GeV) =  $3.6\sigma$
  - •Global excess  $(0.2-2\text{TeV}) = 2.0\sigma$
- •Observed width is broader than experimental resolution
  - •Expt. width  $(m_{\gamma\gamma}=750 \text{ GeV})=6 \text{ GeV}$ •Observed width = ~45 GeV (~6%)
- •Assume large width signal (6%) :
  - •Local excess =  $3.9\sigma$
  - •Global excess  $(0.2-2\text{TeV}) = 2.3\sigma$



- Run 1 paper only up to to 600 GeV
  Extended the invariant mass beyond 600 GeV using similar background modeling technique as Run2
- •Compare the measured cross sections
  - •Assuming s-ch gluon initiated process
  - •Scaled to same center-of-mass energy
- •Compatibility between 8 and 13 TeV at mX=750 GeV:
  - •Narrow width : 2.2  $\sigma$
  - •Large width (6%) : 1.4  $\sigma$

#### Heavy Resonance in yy Final States (Run2)



200

400

600

m<sub>x</sub> [GeV]

800 1000 1200 1400 1600 1800

### CMS Diphoton (Run2) EXO-15-004 Search for diphoton resonances

- Two categories: barrel-barrel (EBEB), barrel-endcap (EBEE)
- p<sub>T</sub>(γ) > 75 GeV, I<sub>ch</sub> < 5 GeV (in 0.3 cone around photon direction)</li>
- Efficiency, scale and resolution calibrated on Z → ee and high-mass DY events
- Search for RS graviton with three assumptions on coupling:
   κ̃ = 0.01 (narrow), 0.1, 0.2 (wide)
- Blind analysis, no changes have been made to the analysis since unblinding data in the signal region





#### **CMS Diphoton (Run2)**

#### CERN LPCC special seminar (Dec. 15<sup>th</sup> 2015, Jim Olsen)

# Combined limits and p-values









Combined Run1 and Run2
Assume narrow width :

Local excess : ~3σ
Global excess : ~1.7σ



#### **Btagging Efficiency**



#### **B-tagging in Phase2**

