
HOPF ALGEBRA, NICHOLS' ALGEBRA AND STRING BCJ RELATION

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BCJ Relation

Sum of Momentum Kernel $\times$ Amplitudes $= 0$

$$\sum_{\sigma \in s_{n-2}} \mathcal{S}(\tau^T, \sigma) A(1, \sigma, n) = 0$$

4pt Example

$$\sin(i\pi\alpha' s_{12}) \sin(i\pi\alpha' (s_{13} + s_{23})) A(1, 2, 3, 4) + \sin(i\pi\alpha' s_{12}) \sin(i\pi\alpha' s_{13}) A(1, 3, 2, 4) = 0$$

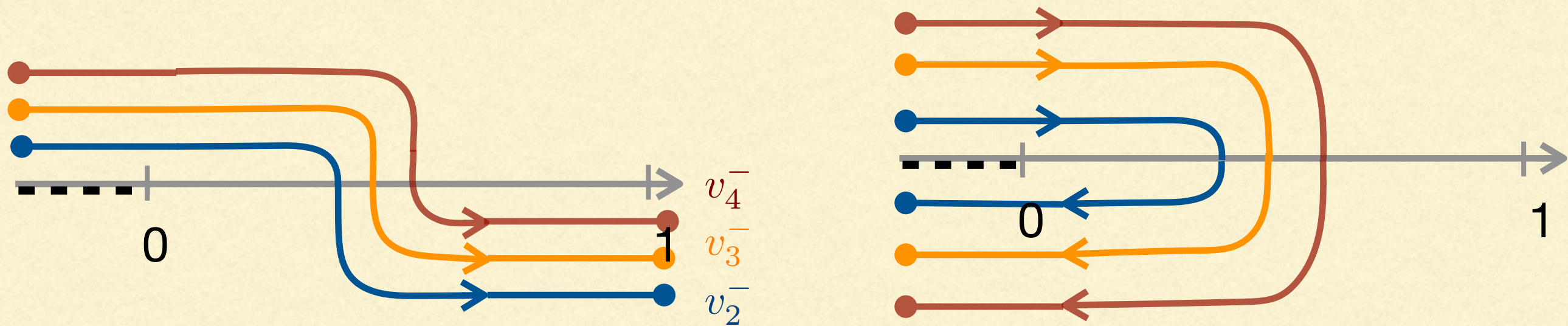
String Monodromy Relation

Sum of Braiding Phase $\times$ Amplitudes $= 0$

$$A(j, i_1, \dots, i_{n-2}, n) + e^{i\pi\alpha' s_{ji_i}} A(i_1, j, \dots, i_{n-2}, n) + \dots + e^{i\pi\alpha' s_{ji_i}} A(i_1, j, \dots, i_{n-2}, n) = 0$$

4pt Example

$$A(2, 1, 3, 4) + e^{i\pi\alpha' s_{12}} A(1, 2, 3, 4) + e^{i\pi\alpha' (s_{12} + s_{23})} A(1, 3, 2, 4) = 0$$



$$\sum_{\sigma \in s_{n-2}} \mathcal{S}(\tau^T, \sigma) A(1, \sigma, n) = \left\langle f \left| [[[T_1, T_2]_{\alpha'}, T_3]_{\alpha'} \dots, T_{n-1}]_{\alpha'} \right| vac \right\rangle.$$

$$T_i = \int_0^1 \frac{V(y_i)}{y_i}$$

$$[T_1, T_2]_{\alpha'} = T_1 T_2 - e^{-i\pi\alpha' k_1 \cdot k_2} T_2 T_1$$

Quantum Algebra

$$[H_i, H_j] = 0$$

$$[H_i, X_j^\pm] = \pm(\alpha_i, \alpha_j) X_j^\pm$$

$$[X_i^+, X_j^-] = \delta_{ij} \frac{q^{H_i} - q^{-H_i}}{q - q^{-1}}$$



$$F_i = X_i^- q^{-H_i/2}$$

$$E_i = X_i^+ q^{H_i/2}$$

$$K_i = q^{H_i}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{m}{k}_q q_i^{-k(m-k)/2} (X_i^\pm)^k X_j^\pm (X_i^\pm)^{m-k} = 0$$

Or equivalently

q-Serre relation

$$m = 1 - A_{ij}$$

$$\left[[X_j, X_i]_q \cdots 1 - A_{ij}^{-1} \text{ times } \cdots X_i \right]_q [X_i, X_j]_q = X_i \otimes X_j - q^{A_{ij}} X_j \otimes X_i$$

Universal Enveloping Algebra

$$U(\mathfrak{g}) = T(\mathfrak{g}) / I$$

$$T(\mathfrak{g}) = K \oplus \mathfrak{g} \oplus (\mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathfrak{g}) \oplus (\mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathfrak{g}) \dots$$

I : Idea generated by elements of the form:

$$a \otimes b - b \otimes a - [a, b]$$

or

$$a \otimes b - q^{(a,b)} b \otimes a \quad \text{and (quantum Serre relation)}$$

Hopf Algebra

= Bialgebra + Antipode

$$(\mathcal{H}, \cdot, I, \Delta, \epsilon) \quad S$$

$$c_1 g_1 + c_2 g_2$$

$$g_1 \cdot g_2$$

algebra

$$\text{comultiplication } \Delta : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H} \otimes \mathcal{H}$$

$$\Delta(g_1 \cdot g_2) = \Delta(g_1) \cdot \Delta(g_2)$$

bialgebra

Hopf algebra

$$\text{antipode } S : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$$

$$m(S \otimes id)\Delta(g) = \epsilon(g) I$$

$$S(g) \cdot g = I$$

$$S(g) = g^{-1}$$

(generalized inverse)

Quantum Algebra as Hopf Algebra

$$\Delta(H_i) = H_i \otimes I + I \otimes H_i$$

$$\Delta(X_i^\pm) = X_i^\pm \otimes q^{-H_i/2} + q^{H_i/2} \otimes X_i^\pm$$

$$S(H_i) = -H_i$$

$$S(X_i^\pm) = q^{-\sum_i H_i} X_i^\pm q^{\sum_i H_i}$$

Nichols' Algebra

V : a braided vector space

$\mathfrak{M}_n$: the quantum shuffle map

$$\mathfrak{M}_n := \sum_{\sigma \in \mathbb{S}_n} s(\sigma) : V^{\otimes n} \rightarrow V^{\otimes n}$$

$\mathfrak{B}(V)$: Nichol's algebra

$$\mathfrak{B}(V) := \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} V^{\otimes n} / \text{Ker}(\mathfrak{M}_n)$$

Example: positive part of quantum algebra with Cartan matrix A_{ij}

V : vector space with braiding

$$s(\sigma_{i,j}) |i\rangle \otimes |j\rangle = q^{A_{ij}} |j\rangle \otimes |i\rangle$$

Kernel of the quantum shuffle map

$$\left[[v_j, v_i]_q \cdots 1 - A_{ij}^{-1} \text{ times } \cdots v_i \right]_q [v_i, v_j]_q = v_i \otimes v_j - q^{A_{ij}} v_j \otimes v_i$$

LHS of quantum Serre relation

$\mathfrak{B}(V)$: Nichol's algebra

Positive part of the quantum algebra

For String Amplitudes

BCJ relation

$$\left\langle f \left| \left[\left[\left[T_1, T_2 \right]_{\alpha'}, T_3 \right]_{\alpha'} \dots, T_{n-1} \right]_{\alpha'} \right| vac \right\rangle = 0$$

A generalized quantum Serre relation

Phys. arXiv:[hep-th]

numerator

String Numerator



Screening of OPE
& Annihilation operator



Algebra of Screening
Vertex operator



String BCJ Relation



monodromy sum

Maths. arXiv:[math.QA]

Product of structure constant

Product of successive q-structure
Constant in quantum algebra



Full quantum algebra



Drinfeld double

Positive part of quantum algebra



Quantum Serre relation



quantum symmetriser



Thank you~
