

6d superconformal Cardy formulas

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- ▶ Talk based on: [1907.12582](#) [JN]

Cardy formula

► Cardy formulas of CFTs in $d \geq 2$

- Asymptotic free energy of CFT on $S^{d-1} \times \mathbb{R}$ in the Cardy limit
- Cardy limit: angular momenta on $S^{d-1} \gg$ central charge
- $d = 2$ [Cardy] & 3, 4, 5 [S.Choi, J.Kim, S.Kim, JN][S.Choi, S.Kim][S.Choi, C.Hwang, S.Kim]
 $\Rightarrow$ Entropy of BPS black holes in AdS_{d+1} [Hosseini, Hristov, Zaffaroni]

► Cardy formulas of 6d SCFTs [Di Pietro, Komargodski]

- Global symmetry: $SO(2,6)$ conformal & $SU(2)$ R-symmetry + (flavor)
- Superconformal index in the modified basis: $\Delta_R - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \omega_3 = \boxed{2\pi i}$

$$I(\Delta_R, \omega) = \text{Tr} \left[e^{-\beta(E - 4Q_R - J_1 - J_2 - J_3)} \cdot \underbrace{e^{-\Delta_R Q_R}}_{SU(2)_R} \cdot \underbrace{e^{-\omega_1 J_1 - \omega_2 J_2 - \omega_3 J_3}}_{SO(6)} \right]$$

- Cardy limit: $|\omega_i| \ll 1$ ($\sim J_i \gg N^3$)

Background field analysis

► Background fields

- 6d SCFT on $S^5 \times S^1$ with $\beta \rightarrow 0$: integrating out KK modes on S^1
 $\Rightarrow$ Effective action W_{eff} of the background fields on S^5
- Background metric $g_{\mu\nu}$ depends on the chemical potential $\omega_{1,2,3}$
- Bkgd $SU(2)_R$ gauge field A_μ depends on the chemical potential Δ_R

$$I(\omega_i, \Delta_R) = \exp \left[-W_{\text{eff}}(g_{\mu\nu}, A_\mu) + (\text{0-modes}) \right], \quad \boxed{\delta W_{\text{eff}} \leftarrow \text{t' Hooft anomaly}}$$

► Chern-Simons terms and the anomaly

- $W_{\text{eff}} \ni$ infinitely many terms arranged in a derivative expansion
- ✓ CS terms can be fully determined from the anomaly polynomial [Banerjee, Bhattacharya, Bhattacharya, Jain, Minwalla, Sharma], [Jensen, Loganayagam, Yaron], [di Pietro, Komargodski]
- Non-CS terms & zero-mode contribution are subleading in the Cardy limit

6d (2,0) Cardy formulas

► 6d (2,0) SCFT of type $G \in \{A_N, D_N, E_N\}$

- Global symmetries: $SO(5)$ R-symmetry & $SO(6)$ diffeomorphism
- Chemical potentials: $\Delta_{1,2}$ for R-charge & $\omega_{1,2,3}$ for angular momenta
- Cardy free energy ($\Delta_1 + \Delta_2 - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \omega_3 = 2\pi i$)

$$\begin{aligned} \log I = & -\frac{h_G^\vee d_G + r_G}{24} \frac{\Delta_1^2 \Delta_2^2}{\omega_1 \omega_2 \omega_3} - r_G \frac{((\Delta_1 + \Delta_2)^2 + 4\pi^2)((\Delta_1 - \Delta_2)^2 + 4\pi^2)}{192 \omega_1 \omega_2 \omega_3} \\ & + r_G \frac{\Delta_1^2 + \Delta_2^2 - 4\pi^2}{96} \frac{\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2 + \omega_3^2}{\omega_1 \omega_2 \omega_3} + \mathcal{O}(\log \omega) \end{aligned}$$

► BPS black holes in AdS_7

- Large N free energy of $A_N(D_N)$ SCFT ($h_G^\vee d_G \propto N^3$)
 $\Rightarrow$ Entropy function of BPS black holes in $AdS_7 \times S^4(\mathbb{Z}_2)$

$$G_7 \propto N^{-3}$$

6d (2,0) Cardy formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
W_{\text{CS}} = & \int_{S^5} \left[\frac{i\beta(4h_G^\vee d_G + 3r_G)}{768\pi^3} \left((A_0^1)^2 (A_0^2)^2 \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + \left(2A_0^1 (A_0^2)^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + 2A_0^2 (A_0^1)^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 \right) d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} \right. \right. \\
& + \left. \left((A_0^2)^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + 4A_0^1 A_0^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 + (A_0^1)^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 \right) d\mathbf{a} + \left(2A_0^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + 2A_0^1 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 \right) \right) \\
& + \frac{i\beta r_G}{1536\pi^3} \left\{ \sum_{I=1}^2 \left((A_0^I)^4 \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + 4(A_0^I)^3 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^I d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + 6(A_0^I)^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^I d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^I d\mathbf{a} + 4A_0^I \hat{\mathbf{A}}^I d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^I d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^I \right) \right. \\
& + \left(((A_0^1)^2 + (A_0^2)^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2] \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + 2((A_0^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + A_0^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2] + ((A_0^1)^2 + (A_0^2)^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}]) \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} \right. \\
& + \left(((d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1)^2 + (d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2)^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2] + ((A_0^1)^2 + (A_0^2)^2) \text{tr}[\hat{\mathbf{R}}^2] + 4(A_0^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + A_0^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}] \right) \mathbf{a} \\
& + 2(A_0^1 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + A_0^2 \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2) \text{tr}[\hat{\mathbf{R}}^2] + 2(\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2) \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}] \left. \right) \\
& + \left((\text{tr}[\Gamma_0^4] - \frac{1}{4} \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2]^2) \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + (4\text{tr}[\Gamma_0^3 \hat{\mathbf{R}}] - \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2] \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}]) \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} \right. \\
& + \left. \left(6\text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2 \hat{\mathbf{R}}^2] - \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}]^2 - \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}[\Gamma_0^2] \text{tr}[\hat{\mathbf{R}}^2] \right) \mathbf{a} - \text{tr}[\Gamma_0 \hat{\mathbf{R}}] \text{tr} \left(\hat{\mathbf{R}} d\hat{\mathbf{R}} + \frac{2}{3} \hat{\mathbf{R}}^3 \right) \right) \left. \right\} \\
& + \frac{ir_G}{384\pi} \int_{S^5} \left(-\frac{4\pi^2}{\beta^3} \mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} d\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{\beta} (\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^1 + \hat{\mathbf{A}}^2 d\hat{\mathbf{A}}^2) d\mathbf{a} - \frac{1}{\beta} \mathbf{a} \text{tr}[\hat{\mathbf{R}}^2] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

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6d (1,0) Cardy formulas

► 6d (1,0) SCFT

- Anomaly polynomial of $SU(2)$ R-symmetry & $SO(6)$ diffeomorphism

$$P_8 = \frac{1}{4!} \left(\mathfrak{a} \cdot c_2(R)^2 + \mathfrak{b} \cdot c_2(R)p_1(T) + \mathfrak{c} \cdot p_1(T)^2 + \mathfrak{d} \cdot p_2(T) \right)$$

- Cardy free energy ($\Delta_R - \omega_1 - \omega_2 - \omega_3 = 2\pi i$)

$$\log I = - \left(\frac{\mathfrak{a}\Delta_R^4}{384} + \frac{\mathfrak{b}\pi^2\Delta_R^2}{24} + \frac{2\mathfrak{c}\pi^4}{3} \right) \frac{1}{\omega_1\omega_2\omega_3} + \left(\frac{\mathfrak{b}\Delta_R^2}{96} + \frac{(2\mathfrak{c} + \mathfrak{d})\pi^2}{6} \right) \frac{\sum \omega_i^2}{\omega_1\omega_2\omega_3} + \mathcal{O}(\log \omega)$$

► Bound on the anomaly coefficients

- Asymptotic entropy in the Cardy limit ($\omega_i = \omega$)

$$\text{Re}[S] = \frac{\pi^4}{12\sqrt{2}\text{Re}[\omega]^3} \left(\mathfrak{a} - 4\mathfrak{b} + 16\mathfrak{c} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\omega^{-2})$$

- Entropic bound: $\boxed{\mathfrak{a} - 4\mathfrak{b} + 16\mathfrak{c} \geq 0}$ $\leftarrow$ SUSY Renyi entropy [Yankielowicz, Zhou]

Concluding remarks

► Matching with the known results

- Tested with the SCIs whose closed form is known
e.g. $(1,0)$ free multiplets, 1 M5-brane on $\mathbb{C}^2/\mathbb{Z}_k$ [Benvenuti, Boneli, Ronzani, Tanzini]
- Can be applied to 4d & match with 4d $\mathcal{N} = 1$ Cardy formula [J.Song, J.Kim, S.Kim], [Cabo-Bizet, Cassani, Martelli, Murthy]
- Can be applied to $\mathbb{R}^4_\Omega \times T^2 \Rightarrow$ match with the Cardy index from the elliptic genus of the self-dual strings [work in progress]

► Conclusions

- The Cardy limit of the superconformal indices can be determined from the 't Hooft anomaly of 6d SCFTs
- It counts spectral part & different from the Casimir energy
- Explicitly sees $N^3 \Rightarrow$ entropy of BPS BHs in AdS_7

Thank you!